interesting Memorandum from the

Reduction in the Interest-Bearing Debt of

Treasury, showing that the reduction in the interest-bearing debt from the highest point, August 31, 1865, to July 1, 1879, amounted to \$583,800,594.90, and the reduction in the annual interest charge when the present funding operations are completed (August 1, 1879) will be \$67,253,919.37. 'The total debt has been reduced \$729,924,315,06, and the reduction since March 1, 1877, is \$01,573,886.67. The bonds refunded under the acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, to \$1,398,022,000, on which the annual interest charge was \$81,673,-487. In place of these bonds there will be isannual saving hereafter in the interest charge on account of refunding operations of \$19,907,-607, of which amount \$14,297,177 arises from transactions since March 1, 1877. Bonds have been sold for resumption pur-poses since March 1, 1877, the interest on which

represents the annual cost of the coin reserve

Title of loan.	Rate per cent.	Amount.	Annual interest charged.
Funded loan of 1879. Funded loan of 1907.	436	\$65,000,000 25,000,000	\$2,995,030 1,000,000
Total		90,000,000	3,995,000

Making a net annual saving in interest through the refunding and resumption opera-tions since March 1, 1877, of \$10,372,177. In addition to the above bonds there were issued in 1878, to replace coin used in payment of the Halifax award, 4 per cent. bonds of 1907 amounting to \$5,500,000.

Democrats in Office.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Times adds to the chapter of history which reveals the fact that the Executive Department of this Administration are teeming with Democrats, and remarks :

with Democrats, and remarks:

In the meantime, while there is a good deal of talk about discharging Democrats from office in the Departments, I notice there is very little being done in that direction. On the contrary, Democrats are being constantly appointed. Not long ago Charles W. Detrich, a capable and deserving man, was appointed to a good clerkship in the Interior Department. He is a pronounced Bourbon Democrat, and was formerly clerk to General Banning's military committee in the House. He demanded the removal of all Republican office-holders when the Democrats got possession of the Senate. removal of all Republican office-holders when the Democrats got possession of the Senate. He is, I learn, from Ohio, and the question now is, will be contribute a percentage of his salary to the election of Foster, the Presi-dent's candidate for Governor of Ohio, or will be help Ewing, who belongs to his own party? "Another similar case occurred a few weeks Another similar case occurred a few weeks ago. Jones M. Withers, of Alabama, was appointed not long ago to a clerkship in the Treasury Department. Withers was a graduate of West Point (class of 1835), and when the war broke out he went into the Confederate srmy, and so gallantly did he fight the gray to which he formerly belonged that he was promoted to successive grades until he became a Major-General in the Confederate forces. He is a Democrat, and his character is beyond repreach. He is also a capable clerk.

Suppose the post-office, stopping at various points to allow passengers to descend. The helmilants the advantages of good behavior, and to make such arrests and citations as is deemed necessary. I do not wish to bring any of our men into unfriendly contact unless an emergency arises: an all guard might be overcome and the effect who are found of fishing. It is said that on Saturday a gentleman succeeded in catching over 400 pounds of fish at this place. Excursionists for the day find it very convenient to take the street-cars, on arriving at Atlantic City, and in the try of the find in the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a line of street-cars from the company also run a

The following circular was issued at the

Post-Office Department yesterday and forwarded to all postmasters at second-class offices:
An act making additional appropriations for the Post-Office Department, &c., approved June 28, 1879, appropriated \$71,900 for increased salaries to letter-carriers for the last fiscal year ended June 29, 1879, as provided by act of February 21, 1879, as provided by act of February 21, 1879, it is estimated that the sum (\$71,000) will pay the carriers at second-class offices from February 21 to May 31, 1879, inclusive, at the rate of \$850 per annum. You will therefore pay your regular carriers who were in service at that time (after deducting auxiliaries and substitutes, if any) at the rate of \$850 per annum from February 21 to May 31, 1879, inclusive, deducting the amount already paid them for the same time. Please pay them as early as practicable and forward special pay roll to the Auditor for this Department. warded to all postmasters at second-class offices:

THE INCREASED WATER TAX.

Popular Sentiment Against the Imposition Taking Shape.

cle is every man's enemy, and should be so regarded and treated. The public authorities have destroyed the public wells, with here and there an exception, thus forcing rich and poor alike to look to the water works for a supply. They have no alternative but to take the local content of the supply of the suppl They have no alternative but to take this water; they must do so or suffer. It is a question of life or death of suffering a confirmal band, marched to the Camdon and tion of life or death, of suffering or comfort, with every man, woman, and child within the of Schanfler hotel when the train came in, city limits. Years gone by the Government These visitors were escented to the hotel by entered upon the work of supplying this indisentered upon the work of supplying this indis-pensable article of health and comfort, and up ovening the military are to have a hop given to the present period the people of Washington have been supplied with an article of pure water at fair and reasonable rates.

Now the Commissioners assume to increase the rates full 100 per cent., when all other values are at a decline, and they do so without any good reason therefor, except their own ar-bitrary exercise of a power which they have surreptitiously obtained from Congress, without consultation with the people, who are the consumers, and who are most deeply interested in this question. No necessity or justification for this increase of rates is presented. The quantity of water is not increased, neither is the Government involved in any expense for increasing the supply that calls for this extending the supply that talls for this extending the supply that talls for the second control of the property of the calls for the second control of the people with the people with the calls for the second control of the calls for the second control of the calls for the tracedinary exaction from the pockets of the people. It is simply an arbitrary and tyranni-cal exercise of power to oppress the poor con-sumer. The rich will not feel the increase, and hence may be inclined to submit to it in patience; but it is an attack upon the poor and he who oppresses the poor should be accursed of all men. The tenant—the poor clerk, with a dependent family, and who can scarcely make the ends can scarcely maso under the most rigid economy—united and oppressed by this nojust exaculted and oppressed by this struggling with is assautted and oppressed by this ubjust exaction. The poor laborer, who is struggling with adversity, and who is depondent upon the water supply for the elements of cleanliness, comfort, and health in his family, feels this increase to an extent that becomes oppressive.

The great mass of our population are tenants who make a bare subsistence by renting rooms and Ruiz Sandoval had been arrested, and keeping bearders, and they cannot but feel the interior. the hand that is laid upon them now so heav-ily. The property holders, except where they occupy their own residences, do not suffer from this exaction, and may not complain of it : but the comparatively poor people, and they are in a majority, are those who are oppressed, and it is was completed. The counsel for the prisoner due to justice and humanity that the voice of and the District-Attorney expressed them-

NATIONAL FINANCES.

Interesting Memorandum from the Treasury.

Reduction in the Interest-Bearing Debt of the United States—Saving by the Late Befunding Operations — Bends Sold for Resumption Purposes — Over Ten Millions of Dollars Saved, &c.

Public Debt Statistics.

A memorandum of the financial operations of the Government has been issued from the Government has been issued from the capeable that an universally and proposed the government has been issued from the capeable that an early and proposed to the Friendly—Multan power for move one or more of the presented which will insure popular confidence and favor at once. He is a well known Republican, hes been issued from the continues of the city for fifteen years, and has an unquestionable record for capacity and rectifude. He is well known and universally respected, and his appointment will at once.

There is no law which demands this set of oppression, white the general law of humanity and right is sternly against it.

A report Read at Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

First Impressions of a Naval Officer—The Indians Disposed to the Friendly—Multans Dispose the Government has been issued from the respected, and his appointment will at once Treasury, showing that the reduction in the ment.

Seashore Dottings.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 14.

[Correspondence of the National Republican.]
As is usual at this season of the year, all is ife and stir at this seaside city. Hotels and ottages are rapidly filling up-many of them already full, yet like an omnibus there is always room for one more. As a pleasant summer resort this place has many advantages. Here one can really be grave or gay, talkative or silent, quiet or busy, as they desire. Some sued, when the present refunding operations are completed, which will not be later than August 1, 1879, bonds on which the annual Interest charge will be \$61,765,880, making an are Dennis Cottage, Ladden House, Colonade. of the hotels are temperance houses, and are considered desirable and select. Among them Shelbourne (where Mrs. General Sherman and daughters are stopping), Ashland House, under the management of Mrs. Rives, of Washington, and the Clarendon. The situation of the Clarendon is very pretty and central. It is on a slight elevation, with a row of shade trees in front, so that from the principal portice one can look upon the ocean waves as they break upon the shore, then turn the eye and rest it upon tree and shrubbery surrounding the house. In this particular Atlantic City is especially pleasant. The United States Hotel, perhaps the largest one here, has much shade—quite a grove at one side of the house—and all through the avenues of the city one finds pleasant shade. The beach is accessible, bath-houses and beach pavilions well arranged, and attendance good. Almost all the larger houses have pavilions, with just length enough of stairway to make a scat there desirably elevated—catch—

ing the breeze and giving a view of the bath-ers. The usual "broad walk" is generally well filled morning and evening. I am told that ex-Governor Hartranft enjoyed a stroll on the "broad walk" exceedingly during his re-cent visit. Booths are very numerous along the bathing beach, and if one has not been too the bathing beach, and if one has not been too well fed at the Clarendon or some such hotel famous for good fare and cooking they can buy fruit-candy and other niceties "on the beach." At all events a great many shells, trinkets, fancy articles, and various mementoes, reminding one somewhat of the stores at Newport and Niagara can also be bought there, and if you have no capacity left for filling the interior, the external adorument can be attended to if desired. Two railroads lead to the city, the Camden and Atlantic City road, famililarly called "the old road," and the Philadelphia and Atlantic City road, which is a narrow

and Atlantic City road, which is a narrow gauge railway. Camden and Atlantic City road is a very complete organization, contributing much to the comfort of visitors and the advantage of Atlantic City. They run soveral morning and evening trains from Cam-den, passengers leaving Philadelphia by Pine-street ferry. The cars are commodious and airy, and run up some distance into the city beyond the post-office, stopping at various points to allow passengers to descend. The company also run a line of street-cars from the

The trip from Philadelphia (via Cambus).

Atlantic City road) is made in ninety minutes. It is very usual for gentlemen in business in Philadelphia who have their families here for and charts. This Commander Beardslee proposes to remedy by building beacons, placing The trip from Philadelphia (via Camden and the summer to go up and come down morning and evening. This mode of visiting the seasons to prevail here more than at Cape.

May. I am also told that stag parties frequent. ly come down and hire a cottage or camp out, doing their own cooking and enjoying them-selves generally. Attention to culinary art is, I suppose, a part of that enjoyment. Although too great an advocate of female service to indorse this sort of pleasure, I am assured by gentlemen that "it is quite delightful."

The skating rink is oney and the lightful."

among the Russians and Indians, and no resident practitioner. Such assistance as was available was rendered by the ship's medical officer.

The Jamestown lies in a position to command the Indian village with the state of the

The skating rink is open and its handsome, courteous proprietor is here. The rink is delightfully situated, the upper part entirely open, leaving ample space for the admission of the health-giving air of the sea. One hundred and seventy-five new scholars are being in-Water is the poor man's luxury and the rich man's comfort, and he who reduces the volume air morning and evening concerts are given at or increases the cost of that indispensable arti- several hotels. A sacred concert was held Sun-

> Company F, and later in the evening attendthem at Congress Hall, and on Friday received the attention of a complimentary hop at the Colonade. This morning they had a dress parade on the beach, and a salute was given. A promeinade concert will be given by the band of the company this evening in the camp between the hours of six and eight. Each hour seems to have its pleasure and excitement.

DOUGLASS. CENTRAL AMERICA.

Conspiracy to Invade Costa Rica Frustrated. PANAMA, July 7 .- We are without news from South America. The news from Nicaragua is to the effect that a conspiracy, headed by Federico Mora and Ruiz Saudoval, was disovered about the 28th ultimo, and that the entire correspondence relating to it had fallen into the hands of the government. It appears that the plan was to obtain arms by capturing Corinto and other places in the interior, with the intention of invading Costa Rican terri-tory either by land or sea, if the Irazu could be taken. The Irazu had arrived at Corinto a few days previously to transport 400 laborers to Punt Arenas for the railroad, and these laborers are said to have been bought over to capture her. Although a number of Nicaraguenses are implicated in the affair, nothing is
said that may lead to suppose the movement
the prisoner's wish and the earnest protest of

Trial of Chastine Cox. New York, July 15 .- At half-past four this afternoon the jury in the trial of Chastine Cox was completed. The counsel for the prisoner

In the Cabinut meeting yesterday Secretary Chompson read a lotter received by him from he commander of the United States ship estown, which was recently ordered to Sitks, Alaska, to protect the white settlement from the violence of Indians. The letter is dated United States ship Jamestown, Sicka, Alaska, June 23, 1879. The most important portions of it are as follows:

The mail steamer California arrived this

Alaska, June 23, 1879. The most important portions of it are as follows:

The mail steamer California arrived this morning fifteen days over time, she having been detained by an attachment at Portland. She leaves this afternoon, and I take advantage of the opportunity to fulfill that part of my lustruction which calls upon me "to communicate with the Department from time to time as to affairs in Alaska" so far as eight days experience and observation will enable me to do.

I cannot ask that the Department shall receive as perfectly sound the views which I shall express. They are but first impressions, and will probably be to some extent modified after a longer stay. I have, and so have the officers of the vessel, united freely with persons of all classes and ages, both whites and Indians, and we have obtained a great deal of information in regard to the status, and we find that, although individual interests cause great differences of opinion among the whites about other matters, all agree, and I do with them, that the condition of affairs here is such that the Department has done wheely in sending a vessel to protect these tilement.

I am satesfied that both the local Indians and the Tealleats have friendly feelings toward the whites and that there is no danger of any premidiated attack upon the settlement. The whites furnish to the Indians, both men and women, "dress up" on Sunday, and cheap dry goods are in demand.

The two settlements have existed in inxiaposition for many years, and it is exceedingly creditable to both that, with no law to govern them, they have both so governed themselves that ourrages and disvolved are uncommon.

There is, however, a terrible danger to which the whiles are exposed, and it is from an imaginary one. When intoxicated with the ville "hoochemon," it is a proposed to the United States, and that should strange indians at part of the collector for a cortificate that have left they will preserve peace. I have instructed them a vossel of war is here, and I hope to be able to so in

fow moments of preparation, they can have a steamer California, then nine days overdue fish suspended from their lines.

There is stated to be considerable sickness among the Russians and Indians, and no resi-

THE YELLOW PEYER.

The National Board Commission in Havana. HAVANA, July 15 .- The commission appointed by the National Board of Health of the United States for the purpose of studying yellow fever symptoms, development, and treatment in Havana is prosecuting its work here

QUARANTINE RESTRICTIONS REMOVED. CAIRO, ILL., July 15.—At a meeting of the oard of health this forenoon it was resolved that, owing to favorable news from Momphis South, all quarantine restrictions be uspended.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 15,-The State the rules and regulations in Memphis next

Monday at noon, provided no other case of yel-low faver occurs prior to that time.

MENTHIS, July 15.—The city remains very quiet. No new cases have been reported, and in a few days it is anticipated all quarantine restrictions now in force against Memphis will removed. Norfolk, Va. took the initiative be removed. Aoriolic, va., took the initiative, and through ears will go to that city to-night. The State Board of Health announces that the present quarantine regulations will be discontinued on Monday if no new cases develop. Judge Ray's son is better this evening.

A VIRGINIA MURDER TRIAL.

Convicted by a Jury of All Colored Men. RICHMOND, VA., July 15.—George Lewis, a | turn here for a four or five days' stay. Many iegro, aged ulneteen years, who in January last murdered his grandmother, in Chestorield County, and was subsequently sentenced to be the prisoner's wish and the earnest protest of his counsel, was composed entirely of negroes,

capital offense.

The testimony at this trial was much stronger than at the first, as the prisoner's confession, showing premeditation, was admitted as evidence. The murder was most brutal and unprovoked. The prisoner admits that his victim ordered him to perform some trivial selves as at the businessed the first shall be raised in their behalf, and whatever of ability and influence is possessed by The National Republican will be executed in that behalf until relief comes or the first same day he deliberately shot.

or with an old army musket, literally blowher with an old army musket, literally blow-ing off the greater portion of her head.

The trial lasted until near midnight, when the case was given to the jury, who, after an hour's deliberation, returned a verdict of mur-der in the second degree and fixed the penalty at eighteen years' imprisonment in the poni-tentiars.

A Colliery on Fire.
Porrsville, Pa., July 15.—Fire was disovered at six o'clock this evening issuing from

the slope at Prevost's Colliery, Centralia, and in a short time the breaker, which cost \$150,000, was in flames and was entirely destroyed. The loss cannot be estimated, as a vein of coal is burning flercely, which will probably ontail a heavy loss. Three bundred and fifty men are thrown out of work.

The cause of the fire is nuknown. It is sup-

The cause of the fire is unknown. It is supposed to have originated in the engine-house, at the bottom of the slope, and, rushing up the slope, ignited the treatling connected with the upper engine-house and isoler-house and thence to the breaker. Four unsuccessful attempts were made to blow up the treatling with dynamite, in order to save the breaker. Everything at the month of the slope was burned, including treatling, engine and boiler-house, and breaker. The veru of coal on each side of the slope is still hurning at midnight, and unless the fire is subdued soon the mine will have to be flooded. Can give no estimate of loss or insurance to-night.

of loss or insurance to-night.

At midnight it is thought the loss will reach \$250,000. The insurance will probably not exceed \$75,000.

Casualties. Jamatoa, L. I., July 15.—Charles Duryea, a prominent citizen of Coram, has been fatally gored by an infuriated bull,

POTTSVILLE, PA., July 15 .- Ex-Associate Judge Lietzenge died at Tamaqua last night, aged eighty years. LAWRENCE, KAN., July 15 .-- Monk's cleva-

tor, in this city, was burned early this morn-ing. Loss, \$15,000; insurance, \$7,000. Boston, July 15.—Captain Edward Crow, of the schooner Minuic Eaton, of Salem, N. J.,

Boston, July 15.—Captain Edward Crow, of the schooner Minuis Eaton, of Salem, N. J., was drowned in the harbor this morning. His body was rec wered. The captain's home was in Salem, where he leaves a family. PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—The Persever-ence cotton and woolen yarn mill at Mana-yuuk, operated by John P. Holt & Bro., was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, about \$14,000. insurance, about \$14,000.

Suicides. RONDOUT, N. Y., July 15.-Isaac Krom,

farmer, with a wife and five children, committed snicide by hanging himself to a tree yesterday afternoon. A coroner's inquest found a verdict of "temporary insanity from dumb ague."

NEW YORK, July 15 .- Jacob Kaner, aged forty-eight, and for a long time leader of the Fifth Regiment Band, committed suicide at an early hour this morning, at his residence. No. 78 Stanton street, while laboring under temporary aberration of the mind, by shooting simself through the head. DEFROIT, July 15.—Henry Z. Brush, a well-known architect of this city, committed sui-

cide this afternoon by discharging the con-tents of two pistols in his mouth. Depression, occasioned by ill health, is supposed to have been the cause of the act.

The Buford Marder Trial.

OWENTON, KY., July 15 .- Nearly the whole of to-day was devoted to hearing testimony of exports. Dr. Bell, of Louisville, and Dr. Kennedy, of Batavia, Ohio, were the principal witnesses, and they were strongly at variance in their opinions as to the kind of insanity the prisoner was affected with, Dr. Bell stating it was moral insanity, and Dr. Kennedy claiming it was intellectual insanity, and that there was no such thing as moral insanity. It is now thought the defense will wind up its testimony to-morrow. The friends of Buford are very learners.

Another Phase of the Whitaker Will Case. PHILADELPHIA, July 15 .- On the 5th instant Mrs. Whitaker, wislow of the late Robert Whitaker, over whose will there has recently been considerable conflict, and which has not yet been decided, died, leaving an estate worth \$100,000. On Saturday a man named Whitton, of New York, desired to file a careat against the probate of her will and began proceedings before the Register of Wills, which were con-tinued until to-day, when, notwithstanding the objections, the will was admitted to probate. The case will probably be taken into the The case will probably be taken into the Orphans' Court for settlement.

Tennessee Bonds.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 15 .- Attorneys for holders of Tennessee bonds have filed a bill against the Nashville and Decatur Railroad, praying for an injunction to restrain the Louisville and Nashville and Great Southern Railroad from paying interest on the stock of that road, as they are pledged to do by lease until the case is disposed of. The suits of the North-orn holders of Tennessea bonds against the various Tennessae railroads will be heard by Judge Stone, at the request of Judge Swayne, who was to have heard them, but who has gone to Europe.

Postmaster-General Key's Movements. PROVIDENCE, July 15 .- Postmaster-General Key and party left Newport this afternoon on in the Little Rock Railroad since last Friday a special boat for Bristol, where they were enon the lattice Rock Rational Ark., to which tertained at dinner by Senator Burnside point quarantine has been raised. Judge Ray's Thence they came by special train to this city. tertained at dinner by Senator Burnside. been reported, and the excitement attending the Narragansett Hotel. To-morrow the Post-the reports already published has entirely sub-master-General will be entertained at Squantum, and Thursday the party will visit Rocky Point with Governor Van Zandt, ex-Secretary Bristow, and other prominent gentlemen.

Telegraph Controversy. LAPAYETTE, IND., July 15 .- Judge Ward to day, on application of the Western Union Teleboard of health this morning resolved to sus-pend until further orders the enforcement of against the Central Union Telegraph Company, against the Central Union Telegraph Company, the American Union Telegraph Company, and the Wabash Reliway Company, restraining them from building a line of telegraph along the right-of-way of the Wabash Rullway Company until July 31, when arguments in the case will be heard.

The Training-ship Minnesota. NEWBURGH, N. Y., July 15 .- The United States training-ship Minnesota, which has been anchored in Newburgh Bay several days, entist ing boys for the navy, left here to-day for Stoney Point, near Sing Sing, to take part in the centennial calcbration to-morrow, by or der of the Secretary of the Navy. She will re-

Delegates Elected.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 15,-The second. third, and seventh Assembly districts have elected Ludington delegates to the Republican State convention. The fourth district elected independent delegates. The eighth and lifth districts last night elected Smith delegates. this being the first jury so constituted which districts last night elected Smith delegates has ever been empaneled in Virginia to try a city.

Tribute to Firemen.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15 .- It is estimated that 5,000 persons were present to-day to witness the unveiling of the tablets dedicated to the

THE GREENBACKERS.

Meeting of the Pennsylvania State Convention.

Platform with a Supplement-Heur Carry Baird Nominated for State Treasurer-Mr. Baird Declines the Use of His Name-Peter Sutton Nominated in His Stead -No Coalition, &c.

Pennsylvanta Greenback Convention. ALTOONA, PA., July 15 .- The National ircenback-Labor party of this State hold its onvention here to-day. At 11:15 a. m. the onvention was called to order in the Opera-

fours by Chairman Frank P. Dowees, of the State committee, one hundred and thirty delegates being present. Mr. Dewees, in opening the proceedings, made an earnest argument ing on short time and 140,000 are stopped alto-against any coalition by the Greenback party gother. In the Hashingdon district 74,000 spin-with either of the old parties. Thomas A. dies and 1,100 lonus are idle. with either of the old parties. Thomas A Armstrong, of Allegheny County, was elected temporary chairman by acclamation. Mr. Arm-strong, upon taking the chair, made an approstrong, upon taking the chair, made an appro-priate return of thanks for the honor done him. A committee of fifteen on resolutions and a committee of ten on permanent organization were appointed. Congressman Soth H. Yoctun, of Pennsylvania, made a speech, in which he condemned both the Republican and Demo-eratic parties as the common focs of the Na-

ional welfare, and at 12:30 an adjournment of me hour was had.

Attroona, Pa., July 15.—Upon reassembling Altrona, Pa., July 15.—Upon reassembling for the afternoon session, the committee on resolutions not having reported, the time up to 2:45 p. m. was taken up with a speech by Samuel Calvin, of Hollidaysburg, and the reading of a letter from Hon. Frank B. Hughes, of Schuylkill County. The committee on permanent organization then made its report, which nominated Samuel R. Meson, of Morcer County, as permanent president, and a vice-president from each county represented.

Morcor County, as permanent president, and a vice-president from each county represented.

Mr. Mason, upon assuming the chair, briefly addressed the convention, suggesting that dispatch might be used in disposing of the business before it, as many of the delegates were farmors and wished to get back to their homes.

The names of Heury Carey Baird, of Philadelphia; S. S. Weller, of Wilkesburre; Warren C. Plummer, of Crawford, and Judza Pater. 2. Plummer, of Crawford, and Judge Peter Sutton, of Indiana, were then placed in nomination as candidates for State Treasurer. All the names except that of Mr. Baird were after ward withdrawn, and that gentleman was nominated for the office by acclamation.

The committee on resolutions reported the following as the platform of the party: following as the platform of the party:
The National Greenback Labor party of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, declare—
First—That it is in favor of the payment of the National debt strictly in accordance with the stipulations of the contract under which it was created, and that no more interest-bearing bonds of the Federal Government to issued.

Second—That the Federal Government only shall issue money; that such money shall be a full legal tender, and that full legal-tender greenbacks shall be substituted for National bank notes.

Third—We demand, for the sake of conomy and convenience, that the trade-dollar and fractional sliver coin be replaced by fractional paper currency.

ency.

Fourth—We demand the repeal of all laws that

Rester Inequality in condition and opportunity, as they are in violation of universal justice. Fifth—We demand the ensembent of an income tax law, with heavy penalties for perjury in its vio-lation, and that said tax be graduated in propor-tion to incomes. Sixth—That all debts due for labor performed

Sixth—That all debts due for labor performed take precedence of all other claims.

Seventh—That we demand the passage and approval of an act abolishing the store-order of truck system, and compelling the payment of all wages due laborers at regular stated rates and in the lawful money of the United States.

Eighth—That we demand the passage and enforcement of such laws as will prevent all combinations, discriminations, or the granting of rebates by transportation companies, and compelling common carriers to furnish the service for the same price to all men.

mon corriers to furnish the service for the same price to all mon.

Ninth—We demand that no more public lands be voted to corporations, but that they be held for actual settlers.

Tenth—We demand that education shall be free and industrial, and no child shall be allowed to grow up in ignorance.

The above platform was adopted, with the

following additions :

following additions:

Demanding that there shall be a contraction in official fees and salaries to correspond with the reduction of incomes in other directions; that there shall be specific tariff placed on all raw materials produced here, for the protection of American industry; that the hours of labor shall be reduced to eight hours per day; that the contract system of labor in our prisons and reformatory institutions shall be abolished; severely denouncing any attempt at coaliston with any other party; favoring the establishment of national and State labor burelaws.

A resolution condemning Governor Hoyt's veto of the wages bill as a violation of his pledges to the workingmen was tabled, but

was subsequently taken up and passed.

A telegram was received from Henry Carey
Baird positively declining to stand as a candi date for State Treasurer. The convention then date for State Treasurer. The convention then proceeded to again nominate a candidate for the office, and Peter Sutton, a wesithy farmer and ex-judge of Indiana County, was nominated on the second bullot. E. S. Watson was selected as chairman of the State Central Committee, after which the convention, at a quarter-past seven p. m., adjourned sine die.

THE WARM WEATHER.

Extreme Heat at Various Points - Severe Storms. NEW YORK, July 15 .- This was one of the hottest days of the season, the thermometer having registered 98° in the shade. At Port Jervis it rose to 101°.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15 .- At four p. m. to day the thermometer registered 95°. Saveral cases of sunstroke are reported, but none fatal. DETROIT, July 15.—The heat to-day was in-conse, the thermometer ranging from 95° to 0 102°. One fatal case of sunstroke was re-corted. ense, the thermometer ranging from 95° to to 102°. One fatal case of sunstroke was reported. SEVERE STORM AT BINGHAMTON.

SEVERE STORM AT BINGHAMTON.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., July 15.—A severe rain and wind storm, accompanied by much lightning, visited this place at four p. m. to-day. A eigarmaker, named James W. Stephens, while standing under a tree in the outskirts of the city, was struck by lightning and histantly killed. A dwelling just out of town was also struck and burned. Many trees were blown down and considerable damage was done to corn and other crops in the vicinity. corn and other crops in the vicinity.

storm and other crops in the vicinity.

STORM IN ONTARIO.

TORONTO, ONT., July 15.—Severe thunder storms, accompanied by hall and heavy wind, are reported from various parts of the province this afternoon, doing great damage to hulldings and crops. At Ningara Falls the spire of the Methodist Church and the redectors and other

aist, points out that it is not certain that the Nicaragua route has not advantages that may hereafter lead to the creation of a second canal, which would deprive M. De Lesseps' enterprise of the trade of the two coasts of the United States, on which it relies for its chief profits, KOURN, July 15.—M. dv Lemops, in a speech

would be completed in five or six years. This is less than his former estimate of the time necessary for the achievement of the work.

Decessary for the achievement of the work.

THE CANADIAN TEAM AT WISHLEDON.

TORONTO, July 13.—A special cable dispatch, dated London, July 14, to the Globe, rays:

"The Canadian team bararrived at Wimbledon and the shooting began to-day. The weather was dull, the wind uncertain, the light bad, and there was a heavy rain in the evening. The shooting was good. The Alfred prizes are the only competitions that were finished. Surgeaut Pallen won £2, making thirty-one polute out of a possible thirty-five."

DEPRESSION IN ENGLISH COTTON DISTRICTS.

LONDON, July 15.—Published statistics show that the movement for a resiluction in the out-

London, July 15.—Published statistics show that the movement for a realection in the ontput is spreading in the cotten districts. In addition to the depression at Blackburn and Oldham, already reported, 459,000 spindles at Preston are stopped out of an aggregate of 2,000,000. One-quarter of the looms at Preston are also stopped. At Accrington work is very irregular, particularly in the weaving department. Sixty-cight hundred spindles are idle in two mills, besides numerous other stoppages. In the Leigh district 123,000 spindles are working on short time and 140,000 are stopped alto-

Louisiana Repudiators.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15 .- The so-called mass meeting extensively advertised and promoted by tax resisters and repudiators was held tonight in Lafayette Square, About 1,000 people were present, doubtless mostly attracted by the firing of cannon and rockets. Speeches were made and resolutions adopted, advising repudiation of the bonds as recommended by the majority report of the convention debt committee and the limitation of State tax to five mills and parish and municipal taxes to

Maryland Republican Convention Called. BALTIMORE, July 15,-The executive com-

have issued a cull for a Ropublican State convention to meet in Baltimore, September 12, to nominate candidates for Governor, Comptrol ler, and Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Sale of Four Per Cents. New York, July 15 .- A sale of \$12,000,000 new 4 per cents has been effected by the

First National Bank of this city to J. S. Mor-

gan & Co., of London, at a price equivalent to about 1017, New York quotations. This closes out the amount taken by the syndicate in April last. The Duke of Argyll. New York, July 15 .- The Duke of Argyll, ecompanied by his daughters, Lady Elizabeth and Ludy Mary, arrived in town to-day from Newport. During the day they visited several

places of interest in the city. They leave to morrow for Europe, Rifle Match. OTTAWA, July 15 .- The international small-

pore rifle match between Ordensburg, N. Y., and Ottawa teams commenced to-day. The score at 800 yards stood-Ogdensburg, 411; Ottawa, 404.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 15 .- The Commercial newspaper establishment was sold by Receiver Wilson to-day to General Eli H. Murray for

\$2,030. The publication of the paper will be Four Car Loads of Oil Burned. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., July 15.—This morning, near Corry, Pa., an extra oil train ran into the rear of the Atlantic train, No. 31. A new locomotive and nine cars of oil were burned.

JUVENILE JOURNALISTS.

The Eastern Amateur Press Association in Convention Assembled. third semi-annual convention of the Eastern Amateur Press Association assembled yesterday at twelve o'clock at the National yesterday at twelve o'clock at the National stroke, and the heavy crew of Dodge, how; Hotel. About twenty delegates were present from the various States which are included in The heavy crew won the choice of positions. The association at present comprises some seventy-five members, representing Massachusetts. New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut. New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, and the District of Columbia. This association was organized in 1872. It was ro-organized in May, 1878, at Philadelphia, Pa. Delayan W. Gee, of Washington, D. C., was elected president, and J. Fred Eberle, Phila-

delphia, Pa., recording secretary. The second semi-annual convention of this association was held on November 5, 1878, at New York city. The convention was called to order yester-day by the president. Mr. Frank N. Reeve, of Newark, N. J., was appointed recording secre-tary pro tempore. The roll was called by the latter gentleman, who also read the minutes of the previous convention. The secretary's re-port was read and accepted. The reports of the various committees were read and ac-

A committee, consisting of Messrs. Joseph P. A committee, consisting of Messrs, Joseph P. Clossey, Charles J., Ficke, Charles C. Henman, James J. O'Connell, Joseph D. Miller, Angustus Weinberg, William F. Buckley, and G. Washington, was appointed to consider the feasibility of adopting the "history scheme," as proposed by Mr. Edward A. Oldham, of Virginia. The history, explained in the words of the originator, will be as follows: "Its aims are to introduce the cause to the general public, by giving a complete record of our editors, publishers, printers, angravers, puzzlers poets, novelists, essavists, and other puzzlers, poets, novelists, essayists, and other data. Speaker Randall will be invited to preface the work. It is to be a 200 page book.

Amateur Press Associations.

In the evening the members of the Eastern
Amateur Press Association metat the residence
of Mrs. Emily Edson Briggs, and the literary exercises of the association were held. The meeting was called to order at half-past nine p. m., Mr. Dolavan W. ties in the chair. Mr. J. Edson Briggs delivered the welcoming address in a very able manner and was loudly applauled. The original sketch written by Charles I. Flate of President. Charles J. Ficke, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was read by Robert F. Sebastian, of Washington, D. C. An humorous recitation by James F. Du Hamel slicited much applause, and in response to an

acors he recited the "Mule Stood on the Steam-out Dock." George W. Baildon, of Brooklyn, N. Y., the this afternoon, doing great damage to buildings and crops. At Niagara Falls the spire of the Methodist Church and the redectors and other apparatus of the electric light were blown down.

**Georgia W. Balldon, of Breoklyn, N. Y. the orator of the evening, then followed with a flucthodist Church and the redectors and other apparatus of the electric light were blown down.

**Georgia W. Balldon, of Breoklyn, N. Y. the orator of the evening, then followed with a flucty delivered oration. This original essay, as written by Edward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass. as written by Edward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, was read by Mertyle E. Martin, of Washington, D. C. An extemperatorous discourse was delivered by Janes Austin Fynes, ir., of Boston, Mass. The discourse was the moreous, terse, and to the point. As debate then followed, the question was "Resolved That cremation, as a manuer of disposing of the dead, is preferable to burial." The affinative was ably defended by Mossis. Edward A. Old-ham and F. Nowton Reeve, and the negative by Messis, James F. Du Hamel and George W. Balldon. Mr. Oldham's argument was especially fine. A standing vote was taken on the received the properties of the evening, then followed with a flucty delivered oration. This original essay, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, was read by Mertyle E. Martin, of Washington, D. C. An extemperatorous discourse was delivered by Janes Austin Fynes, ir., of Boston, Mass. The discourse was the negative oration. This original essay, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, as well by Mertyle E. Martin, of Washington, D. C. An extemperators was delivered oration. This original essay, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, The discourse was delivered oration. This original essay, as written by Elward W. Frye, of Boston, Mass, The discourse was the negative oration. The section of the oration of the dead teen in the affirmative and twelve in the neg-

James F. DuHamel presented to George W. Buildon, in behalf of Delavan W. Gee, a gold modal for the best original sketch. Mr. Du Hamel's remarks were wirty and to the point, and Mr. Raildon's exceedingly witty response was well received.

The association then adjourned, to meet at Boston, Mass., on January 2, 1880. The National Amateur Press Association

SPORTS ON THE WATER.

Courtney - Riley Single-Scull Race.

An Easy Victory for Courtney Without Training-Riley's Most Labored Efforts Unavailing-The Regatta at Fredericksburg-The Water

Good-Record of the Po-

tomac Boatman, &c. The Courtney-Riley Scall Race. BUFFALO, N. Y., July 15.—The single-scall ace between Charles E. Courtney and Joseph H. Riley, for \$500 a side, two miles and return, took place at Silver Lake this afternoon. The wind of the morning, while not being very strong, was sufficient to made the trial hazardaus, owing to the lake being in many places very shallow, which made the course very rough. At half-past seven the wind subsided omewhat, and Courtney and Riley appeared n their shells, the former drawing the shere

in their shells, the former drawing the shore side of the lake and laving thereby somewhat the advantage over his competitor.

At the word Riley first struck the water, shooting full two boat-lengths ahead of Courtney and rowing at the rate of thirty-aix strokes to the minute, Courtney following at the rate of thirty-two strokes. With little effort Courtney closed the distance a boatlength, the two still retaining the same stroke as at the start. At the first mile the contestants were simest abreast, now one and then ants were almost abreast, now one and then the other showing ahead in front. At the turn Courtney drew ahead full three bost-lengths, which Riley closed to one-half the distance, and in this way they made the return home, Courtney rowing at tweaty stokes, while Riley had also dropped to a tweaty-four stroke. The race home was a beautiful one, Riley evidently faboring hard, while Continey, with his beautiful long pull, easily rotained the lead, winning the race by a half boat length in 27m. 372s, which considering the water, was very good. Riley closed the tweehout length on by a route. mittee of the Republican State Committee which, considering the water, was very good. Riley closed the two-boat-length gap by a sport. Frenchy Johnson was advertised to participate in the race, but Riley firmly objected, stating as a reason that Johnson had fouled him ones and would repeat it were the opportunity offered him. At the close Courtney second fresh and credited Riley with being the second best oursman in the country. Riley was much more exhausted. Courtney has had but little training and weighed 1833 pounds, while Riley had trained down to 160 pounds and was in fine country.

> The Fredericksburg Regatta. FREDERICKSBURG, VA., July 15 .- The State

regatta was rowed here this evening, comnoncing at five o'clock. The first race, the nost interesting, being entirely novel to the great majority of the speciators, was the single culls contest between W. B. F. Roberts, of the Georgetown (D. C.) Potomacs, and Horace Hardy, of the Norfolk Chesapeakes, one mile and return. Not an eddy and hardly a ripple and return. Not an eddy and hardly a ripple disturbed the surface of the slowly-obling tide. Roberts wou the choice of positions. Hardy led off with thirty-eight stroke to the minute and went to the front, but at the quarter mile Roberts was ahead, pulling a thirty-two stroke, and led around the turn in 7m. 10s. He fluished an easy winner by several lengths in 16m. 24s. The prize for the winner was a handsom silver can presented by the citizens. handsome silver cup, presented by the citizens

of Fredericksburg.
The second race was for working boats, one mile straight away, between the Appoinatiox riew, of Petersburg, Va., and the Kanawhas, of Richmond, and was won by the latter by several lengths, though the Appoinatiox crew. ecording to the views of boating men, pulled

n better form.

The third race was between the heavy and light crews of the Potomaes, of Georgetown, D. C., in four-oared shells, one mile and return. The light crew was composed of Roberts, bow; Suyder, second; Snyder, third; Zeigler, The boats got away, with the light crow lead out steering badly. The heavy crew made he turn first. The light crew caught them, however, but near the fluish ran ashore. Be-fore getting affect the heavy crew went into the mud and stuck. The light crew freed themselves and won the race in 9m. 40s. The general impression was that the heavies would have won the race.

The fourth race was for a challenge cup, presented by citizens of Fredericksburg, between the Rives Club, of the Virginia University, and the Rives Club, of the Virginia University, and the Rappahamoek crew, of Fredericksburg, in four-oared gigs, one and one-half miles, straight away. The University crew was composed of Redwood, coxswain; Andrews, stroke; Thorn, second; Gibson, third, and Carter, bow, and the Rappahamoek crew of Daniel, coxswain; Carswell, stroke; Grafton, second; Daniel, third, and Hazard, bow. The race was won easily by the Rives Club by an eighth of a mile. The races were witnessed by more than 5,000 people. 5,000 people.

Labor Troubles.

CHICAGO, July 15 .- A delegation of cabinet makers will go to Grand Rapids, Mich., tomorrow to discuss questions of work and Wages,

The Inter-Ocean's Rock Island (1918.) special says the saw mill hands of most of too targe mills struck there yestertay, but a compre mise was effected last night, by the terms of which they agreed to go to work to-d y. Instead of doing this, however, they sent a delegation of about 200 to Moline, where the employees of the two mills were compelled to suspend operations. It is reported the mill men at Davenp or will be forced to join the strike to morrow.

Indian Raids in Texas. GALVESTON, July 15 .- A News' special dis-

patch from Fort Davis says: "At six o'clock this morning Indians attack of the Doutscheurer ranche, three miles east of there, killed Juan tachment of troops are in pursuit. The lu-dians are going in the direction of the Stanton

In the Confidence Business. (Payton Journal.) General Ewing has engaged in the "confidence" The Robel Yell of 1880.

Durington Hawkeyo.]
Already the cit cry of the Orecley campaign is sounded and 'arytidag to beat Grant' principles to be the robel yell of 1880.

No Longer of Any Use. [Chrespo Journal]
There are three things that are no longer of any mes—a squeezed tenon, or expoled freezecker, that a hopelessly testified Democrat.

Can't Carry Dead Weight.

It is the duty of the Conservatives of this State to discorn all these who have descried the Conserva-tive platform. We contact after to carry any dead weight. Too thin to Spread. Carter Harrison, wantal demagnate in Congress, has been tried as mayor dis broage, but is too thin to spread over sobig a thing. He is declared to be very bed failure.

Still Glory in It. Philadelphia Press 1
Some of the Democratic papers are still talking about Postmaner-tenioral Key's "treason to his party," but they have not a word to my against the lens crus who have been gonly of treason to their country and aid giory in it.